

Ukrainian Language

Year 7

(88 hrs, 2.5 hrs per week)

Table of contents	
1.	Introduction Literary norm in Ukrainian.
2.	Morphology. Spelling. Verb: meaning, morphological signs, and syntactic role. Verb forms: indefinite form, personal forms, participle, adverb, and indefinite forms Perfective and imperfective verb aspects. Times of verbs.
3.	Participle as a special verb form: meaning, morphological signs, and syntactic role. Participle phrase. Active and passive participles. Spelling of participles.
4.	Adverbial as a special verb form: meaning, morphological signs, and syntactic role. Adverbial phrase. Type and time of adverbials. Adverbials of perfective and imperfective aspects, and their formation. He with adverbials.
5.	Pronoun: meaning, morphological signs, and syntactic role. Classes of pronouns. Degree of comparison of pronouns. Formation and spelling of pronouns. Spelling of pronouns.
6.	Preposition as a function word. Types of prepositions by structure. Non-derivative and derivative prepositions. Writing derivative prepositions together, separately, and with a hyphen. Synonymic and antonymic prepositions.
7.	Conjunction as a function word. Types of conjunctions by structure and origin. Using conjunctions in a simple and compound sentences.



	<p>Spelling of conjunctions together and separately. Differentiation between the conjunctions and homophonous words. Synonymic and antonymic conjunctions.</p>
8.	<p>Particle as a function word. Form-building and word-forming particles. Particles instilling additional shades to a word or a sentence. Spelling of particles не and ні with different parts of speech (generalization). Spelling of particles -бо, -но, -то, -от, -таки.</p>
9.	<p>Interjection as a special part of speech. Groups of interjections by meaning. Hyphen in interjections. Comma and exclamation mark with interjections.</p>
<p>Expected results</p> <p>Pupil:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● knows the learned parts of speech and defines their grammatical features; ● correctly spells the words, defines orthograms, and explains the word spelling with rules; ● composes oral and written texts, correctly uses the learned parts of speech considering the expressive opportunities of each of them; ● finds grammatical errors in the sentences (texts) and corrects them; ● critically assesses his or her own speech and is ready to improve it; ● realizes the need for language studying. 	